

Medium Term Plans

Autumn 2

Festivals and Celebrations



Foundation Stage Medium Term Planner - Personal Social and Emotional

Autumn 2 - Festivals and celebrations

Learning Intentions EYFS Development matters statements 40-60 months	Ongoing and spontaneous learning opportunities	Planned activities	Resources, events, outings and visitors
Making Relationships • Initiates conversations, attends to and takes account of what others say. • Explains own knowledge and understanding, and asks appropriate questions of others. • Takes steps to resolve conflicts with other children, e.g. finding a compromise. Early Learning Goal Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and other children. Self Confidence and Self-awareness • Confident to speak to others about own needs, wants, interests and opinions. • Can describe self in positive terms and talk about abilities. Early Learning Goal Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help. Managing Feelings and Behaviour Understands that own actions affect other people, for example, becomes upset or tries to comfort another child when they realise they have upset them. • Aware of the boundaries set, and of behavioural expectations in the setting. • Beginning to be able to negotiate and solve problems without aggression, e.g. when someone has taken their toy. Early Learning Goal	*Contribute to circle time - talk, listen and ask questions. *Share achievements with the group *Show work to class and in assemblies *Establish simple routines for various points in the day: - beginning and end of day - tidy up time - lunch time *Use busy bee/ ladybird to have special helpers throughout the day. *Take turns to use limited equipment- bikes, computer etc. *Work in pairs and small groups at classroom activities *Talk to adults and peers in various situations *Put on coats, aprons, dressing up clothes, wet suits. *Dress and undress for P.E *Communicate needs *Wash hands and mange personal hygiene. *Use planning names *Join in discussions about stories and books that emphasise moral issues *Introduce different customs through books, stories etc.	*Circle time - contribute to discussions about celebrating different festivals - food, clothes, presents, music, routines etc. *Introduce different customs through stories books and artefacts *Share own experiences of weddings, christenings, birthdays, Bonfire night, Christmas etc. * Visit a local church * Look at and discuss family photographs *Dress up in special clothes for celebrating festivals, birthdays, weddings etc. *Role play parts of festivals - getting married, giving out presents, Rama and Sita *Decorate home corner to reflect different festivals *Circle time- discuss safety on bonfire night *share food made for celebrations eg birthday cake *Make presents and cards for people on their birthday/ Christmas *Make presents and cards for busy bee *Retell festival stories with puppets and small world toys *Empathise with characters in focus texts *Recount a special event in own personal history *Discuss the significance of Remembrance Sunday and take part in Remembrance service	<u>Themed days/weeks</u> Bonfire Night Paint splatter firework prints Remembrance Day - poppy day Make poppies Why do we wear poppies? Poppies cbeebies animation Diwali Make diva lamps Make salt dough Diwali food Santa's and elves workshop. Children become elves/Santa's little helpers for the week Christmas post office Children write letters to Santa, write Christmas cards to friends and wrap parcels. Visit Jarrow Library Special story time and crafts session. Children return previously borrowed books.

Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.			
--	--	--	--

Foundation Stage Medium Term Planner - Communication, Language - Literacy

Autumn 2 - Festivals and Celebrations

Learning Intentions EYFS Development matters statements 40-60 months	Ongoing and spontaneous learning opportunities	Planned activities	Resources, events, outings and visitors
<u>Listening and attention</u> • Maintains attention, concentrates and sits quietly during appropriate activity. • Two-channelled attention - can listen and do for short span. Early Learning Goal Children listen attentively in a range of situations. They listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions. They give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, while engaged in another activity. <u>Understanding</u> • Responds to instructions involving a two-part sequence. Understands humour, e.g. nonsense rhymes, jokes. • Able to follow a story without pictures or props. • Listens and responds to ideas expressed by others in conversation or discussion. Early Learning Goal Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events. <u>Speaking</u> • Extends vocabulary, especially by grouping and naming, exploring the meaning and sounds of new words. • Uses language to imagine and recreate roles and experiences in play situations. • Links statements and sticks to a main theme or intention. • Uses talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events. • Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play. Early Learning Goal Children express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. They use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.	*Talk about personal experiences in class and group times circle times *Use imaginative talk in role play, small world, puppet play *Listen attentively in group times and play. *Converse with others in all classroom areas *Develop language skills through structured and unstructured discussions. *Choose to look at books with others and alone *Read class labels, names, signs *Talk about pictures and words in books *Retell familiar stories in role play, small world etc. *Join in with stories, rhymes and songs *Talk about and relate own experiences to books *Make up own stories inspired by books, songs etc. *Make marks to signify writing *write name at every opportunity - sign up for activities - label models *Practice forming letters using different media *Use school library *Write cards, invitations, lists, letters, labels, signs, messages, instructions.	*Texts: Diwali story - Rama and Sita - Dear Zoo - T4W text - Dear Santa - T4W text - The Jolly Postman - Christmas story - The Nativity - Santa's Workshop - The Christmas Angel * Use actions and key vocabulary to retell Dear Zoo story * Use actions and key vocabulary to retell Dear Santa story *Play phonics games *Develop role play area to reflect festivals *Talk about a personal visit to a church. *Listen to texts on tape recorders, computer, story phones, espresso *Retell above texts using role play, puppets and small world toys *write Christmas cards and label presents *compose Christmas party invitations *make a shopping list for gingerbread cookies ingredients *make a poster about firework safety *compose firework wow words *Simplify and sequence the Diwali story *Contribute to information books about Diwali *Make a thank you card for a visitor *Make and write Christmas cards *write wish list letter to Santa Claus *Form letters correctly using different media	<u>Themed days/weeks</u> Bonfire Night Paint splatter firework prints Remembrance Day - poppy day Make poppies Why do we wear poppies? Poppies cbeebies animation Diwali Make diva lamps Make salt dough Diwali food Santa's and elves workshop. Children become elves/Santa's little helpers for the week Christmas post office Children write letters to Santa, write Christmas cards to friends and wrap parcels. Visit Jarrow Library Special story time and crafts session. Children return previously borrowed

Literacy

Reading

Enjoys rhyming and rhythmic activities.

- Shows awareness of rhyme and alliteration.
- Recognises rhythm in spoken words.
- Listens to and joins in with stories and poems, one-to-one and also in small groups.
- Joins in with repeated refrains and anticipates key events and phrases in rhymes and stories.
- Beginning to be aware of the way stories are structured.
- Suggests how the story might end.
- Listens to stories with increasing attention and recall.
- Describes main story settings, events and principal characters.
- Shows interest in illustrations and print in books and print in the environment.
- Recognises familiar words and signs such as own name and advertising logos.
- Looks at books independently.
- Handles books carefully.
- Knows information can be relayed in the form of print.
- Holds books the correct way up and turns pages.
- Knows that print carries meaning and, in English, is read from left to right and top to bottom.
- Continues a rhyming string.
- Hears and says the initial sound in words.
- Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together and knows which letters represent some of them.
- Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet.
- Begins to read words and simple sentences.
- Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books.
- Enjoys an increasing range of books.
- Knows that information can be retrieved from books and computers.

Early Learning Goal

Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common

books.

irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read. <u>Writing</u> • Ascribes meanings to marks that they see in different places. • Gives meaning to marks they make as they draw, write and paint. • Begins to break the flow of speech into words. • Continues a rhyming string. • Hears and says the initial sound in words. • Can segment the sounds in simple words and blend them together. • Links sounds to letters, naming and sounding the letters of the alphabet. • Uses some clearly identifiable letters to communicate meaning, representing some sounds correctly and in sequence. • Writes own name and other things such as labels and captions. • Attempts to write short sentences in meaningful contexts. Early Learning Goal Children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds. They also write some irregular common words. They write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others. Some words are spelt correctly and others are phonetically plausible.			
--	--	--	--

Foundation Stage Medium Term Planner - Mathematics

Autumn 2 - Festivals and Celebrations

Learning Intentions EYFS Development matters statements 40-60 months	Ongoing and spontaneous learning opportunities and ongoing	Planned activities	Resources, events, outings and visitors
Recognise some numerals of personal significance. • Recognises numerals 1 to 5/10/15/20 and beyond • Counts up to three or four objects by saying one number name for each item. • Counts actions or objects which cannot be moved. • Counts objects to 10, and beginning to count beyond 10. • Counts out up to six objects from a larger group. Selects the correct numeral to represent 1 to 5, then 1 to 10 objects. • Counts an irregular arrangement of up to ten objects. • Estimates how many objects they can see and checks by counting them. • Uses the language of 'more' and 'fewer' to compare two sets of objects. • Finds the total number of items in two groups by counting all of them. • Says the number that is one more than a given number. • Finds one more or one less from a group of up to five objects, then ten objects. • In practical activities and discussion, beginning to use the vocabulary involved in adding and subtracting. • Records, using marks that they can interpret and explain. • Begins to identify own mathematical problems based on own interests and fascinations. Early Learning Goal Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20, place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems, including doubling, halving and sharing.	*Sing number songs and rhymes *count 1-5, 1-10, *Errors in counting forward and backwards using puppet: - missing number - repeated number - wrong order *Recite number names in order, continuing forwards or backwards from a given number *Count a set of objects, giving one number name to one object. *Estimate small numbers and check by counting *Recognise none and zero - when counting and in songs, stories and rhymes *Count sounds, movements, moving things *Count quietly on fingers and in head *Count in tens and twos *Recognise numerals 1-9 then 0 and 10 then beyond 10 *Compare two numbers and say which is more or less *Say a number which lies between two given numbers *Begin to use the vocabulary of adding and subtracting *Find one more or less than a number 1-10 *Solve simple practical problems and respond to "what could we try next?"	*count correct number of stars on fireworks *contribute to graph /pictogram- birthdays in months *Collect information in a survey (favourite characters in Diwali story, Dear Zoo Story) and count responses *Solve simple practical problems and respond to "what could we try next?" e.g. wrapping presents *print wrapping paper for birthday, wedding or festival presents *Design Rangoli patterns for Diwali *Continue and devise paper chain decorations in repeating pattern format * continue and devise repeating patterns *Match patterns on Christmas stockings *Order presents, snowmen/ snowflakes etc according to size * Find one more/ less animal than a given number * change calendar daily	<u>Themed days/weeks</u> Bonfire Night Paint splatter firework prints Remembrance Day - poppy day Make poppies Why do we wear poppies? Poppies cbeebies animation Diwali Make diva lamps Make salt dough Diwali food Santa's and elves workshop. Children become elves/Santa's little helpers for the week Christmas post office Children write letters to Santa, write Christmas cards to friends and wrap parcels. Visit Jarrow Library Special story time and crafts session. Children return previously borrowed books.

Shape Space and Measure

- Beginning to use mathematical names for 'solid' 3D shapes and 'flat' 2D shapes, and mathematical terms to describe shapes.
- Selects a particular named shape.
- Can describe their relative position such as '*behind*' or '*next to*'.
- Orders two or three items by length or height.
- Orders two items by weight or capacity.
- Uses familiar objects and common shapes to create and recreate patterns and build models.
- Uses everyday language related to time.
- Beginning to use everyday language related to money.
- Orders and sequences familiar events.
- Measures short periods of time in simple ways.

Early Learning Goal

Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare quantities and objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create and describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them.

Foundation Stage Medium Term Planner - Understanding of the World Autumn 2 - Festivals and Celebrations

Learning Intentions EYFS Development matters statements 40-60 months	Ongoing and spontaneous learning opportunities	Planned activities	Resources, events, outings and visitors
<u>People and Communities</u> Shows interest in the lives of people who are familiar to them. • Remembers and talks about significant events in their own experience. • Recognises and describes special times or events for family or friends. • Shows interest in different occupations and ways of life. • Knows some of the things that make them unique, and can talk about some of the similarities and differences in relation to friends or family. • Enjoys joining in with family customs and routines. Early Learning Goal Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. <u>The World</u> Comments and asks questions about aspects of their familiar world such as the place where they live or the natural world. • Can talk about some of the things they have observed such as plants, animals, natural and found objects. • Talks about why things happen and how things work. • Developing an understanding of growth, decay and changes over time. • Shows care and concern for living things and the environment. • Use parents' knowledge to extend children's experiences of the world.	*Explore textures - wet/dry sand, gravel, dough *Make models with junk materials *Make family puppets *Build construction houses for play people families *Get to know where things are kept in the classroom *Become familiar with regular journeys within the school- dinner hall *Observe things closely and record through drawing and modelling *Discuss changes, patterns, similarities and differences *Use computers, calculators, programmable toys, tape recorders and cameras confidently *Explore modelling through clay, junk, cookery *use small world and role play to explore other lives and environments *visit other people and places *find out about the world through books, artefacts, pictures and talking to visitors *develop language of time through sequencing events and daily routines	*Observe and record weather on daily calendar * Looking at the changing seasons - autumn * Find out about how festivals are celebrated through stories, books and artefacts *Talk about a visit to a church, temple, mosque. * Recollect childhood experiences of a birthday they have celebrated at home *Share experiences of weddings, christenings, Christmas *bring in family photos and talk about them *dress up in wedding, birthday and other special clothes *Talk about a festival you have celebrated with your family *Make a class calendar to show when festivals are celebrated *Recount a special event in own personal history *Investigate light through festivals such as Diwali *Become familiar with regular journeys e.g. home to church *Make puppets to retell Diwali story *Make a strong bridge for the monkey army in the Diwali story *Cook and taste foods associated with different festivals (chocolate reindeers, ginger bread men, birthday cakes) *make a small world mat to show the Christmas journey to the stable *Use ICT to produce invitations and cards for special occasions	<u>Themed days/weeks</u> Bonfire Night Paint splatter firework prints Remembrance Day - poppy day Make poppies Why do we wear poppies? Poppies cbeebies animation Diwali Make diva lamps Make salt dough Diwali food Santa's and elves workshop. Children become elves/Santa's little helpers for the week Christmas post office Children write letters to Santa, write Christmas cards to friends and wrap parcels. Visit Jarrow Library Special story time and crafts session. Children return previously borrowed books.

• Support children with sensory impairment by providing supplementary experience and information to enhance their learning about the world around them. • Arouse awareness of features of the environment in the setting and immediate local area, e.g. make visits to shops or a park. • Introduce vocabulary to enable children to talk about their observations and to ask questions. • Use the local area for exploring both the built and the natural environment. • Provide opportunities to observe things closely through a variety of means, including magnifiers and photographs. • Provide play maps and small world equipment for children to create their own environments. • Teach skills and knowledge in the context of practical activities, e.g. learning about the characteristics of liquids and solids by involving children in melting chocolate or cooking eggs. • Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change. Early Learning Goal Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. They make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Technology Knows how to operate simple equipment, e.g. turns on CD player and uses remote control. • Shows an interest in technological toys with knobs or pulleys, or real objects such as cameras or mobile phones. • Shows skill in making toys work by pressing parts or lifting flaps to achieve effects such as sound, movements or new images.			
---	--	--	--

• Knows that information can be retrieved from computers Completes a simple program on a computer. • Uses ICT hardware to interact with age-appropriate computer Software. Early Learning Goal Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. They select and use technology for particular purposes.			
--	--	--	--

Learning Intentions EYFS Development matters statements 40-60 months	Spontaneous learning opportunities and ongoing	Planned activities	Resources, events, outings and visitors
Moving and Handling Moves freely and with pleasure and confidence in a range of ways, such as slithering, shuffling, rolling, crawling, walking, running, jumping, skipping, sliding and hopping. • Mounts stairs, steps or climbing equipment using alternate feet. • Walks downstairs, two feet to each step while carrying a small object. • Runs skilfully and negotiates space successfully, adjusting speed or direction to avoid obstacles. • Can stand momentarily on one foot when shown. • Can catch a large ball. • Draws lines and circles using gross motor movements. • Uses one-handed tools and equipment, e.g. makes snips in paper with child scissors. • Holds pencil between thumb and two fingers, no longer using whole-hand grasp. • Holds pencil near point between first two fingers and thumb and uses it with good control. • Can copy some letters, e.g. letters from their name. Experiments with different ways of moving. • Jumps off an object and lands appropriately. • Negotiates space successfully when playing racing and chasing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles. • Travels with confidence and skill around, under, over and through balancing and climbing equipment. • Shows increasing control over an object in pushing, patting, throwing, catching or	Gross Motor *Explore a range of climbing, balancing and sliding apparatus, wheeled toys and bats and balls, hoops etc in outside area *Join in with P.E lessons that focus on travelling skills (running, hopping, skipping, jumping) and body parts *Develop throwing and catching skills through P.E lessons and outdoor play Fine Motor *Make a range of jigsaws *Sewing - cards, binca, holes punched in paper *Threading beads, reels, pasta, shapes etc. *dressing up *Make collages/ models using junk, scissors, glue, tape *Use woodwork tools with support *Use paintbrushes and mark makers *Play with sand and water toys *Use computer keyboard and mouse *Model with dough, clay, plasticine, rolling pins ,cutters etc *Explore textures- gravel, talc, *use cutlery independently at lunchtimes Health *Adopt health and hygienic routines throughout the school day	*Play games to develop spatial awareness *Explore ways of travelling using dynamics of fast/ slow, high/low, direction * dance to music from different countries focusing on hands and feet * Respond to music from various festivals *Make short firework dances using percussion instruments as accompaniment *thread jewellery for special celebrations *Dress up with clothes for particular events e.g. birthday party *make plates of play dough food for special occasions *wrap presents with own printed wrapping paper *Make a jigsaw by drawing a picture on thin card covering with tacky back and cutting into shapes *make junk model animals * make paper plate animal masks * make own version of a lift the flap Dear Zoo Book	<u>Themed days/weeks</u> Bonfire Night Paint splatter firework prints Remembrance Day - poppy day Make poppies Why do we wear poppies? Poppies cbeebies animation Diwali Make diva lamps Make salt dough Diwali food Santa's and elves workshop. Children become elves/Santa's little helpers for the week Christmas post office Children write letters to Santa, write Christmas cards to friends and wrap parcels. Visit Jarrow Library Special story time and crafts session. Children return previously borrowed books.

kicking it. • Uses simple tools to effect changes to materials. • Handles tools, objects, construction and malleable materials safely and with increasing control. • Shows a preference for a dominant hand. • Begins to use anticlockwise movement and retrace vertical lines. • Begins to form recognisable letters. • Uses a pencil and holds it effectively to form recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed. Early Learning Goal Children show good control and co-ordination in large and small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. They handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for writing. Health and Self-care • Can tell adults when hungry or tired or when they want to rest or play. • Observes the effects of activity on their bodies. • Understands that equipment and tools have to be used safely. • Gains more bowel and bladder control and can attend to toileting needs most of the time themselves. • Can usually manage washing and drying hands. • Dresses with help, e.g. puts arms into open-fronted coat or shirt when held up, pulls up own trousers, and pulls up zipper once it is fastened at the bottom. Eats a healthy range of foodstuffs and understands need for variety in food. • Usually dry and clean during the day. • Shows some understanding that good practices with regard to exercise, eating, sleeping and hygiene can contribute to good health. • Shows understanding of the need for safety when tackling new challenges, and considers and manages some risks. • Shows understanding of how to transport and store equipment safely.			
--	--	--	--

• Practices some appropriate safety measures without direct Supervision. Early Learning Goal Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. They manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs successfully, including dressing and going to the toilet independently.			
--	--	--	--

Foundation Stage Medium Term Planner -

Expressive arts and design

Autumn 2 - Festivals and Celebrations

Learning Intentions EYFS Development matters statements 40-60 months	Spontaneous learning opportunities and ongoing	Planned activities	Resources, events, outings and visitors
Exploring and Using Media and Materials • Enjoys joining in with dancing and ring games. • Sings a few familiar songs. • Beginning to move rhythmically. • Imitates movement in response to music. • Taps out simple repeated rhythms. • Explores and learns how sounds can be changed. • Explores colour and how colours can be changed. • Understands that they can use lines to enclose a space, and then begin to use these shapes to represent objects. • Beginning to be interested in and describe the texture of things. • Uses various construction materials. • Beginning to construct, stacking blocks vertically and horizontally, making enclosures and creating spaces. • Joins construction pieces together to build and balance. • Realises tools can be used for a purpose. - Begins to build a repertoire of songs and dances. • Explores the different sounds of instruments. • Explores what happens when they mix colours. • Experiments to create different textures. • Understands that different media can be combined to create new effects. • Manipulates materials to achieve a planned effect. • Constructs with a purpose in mind, using a variety of resources. • Uses simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately. • Selects appropriate resources and adapts work where necessary. • Selects tools and techniques needed to shape, assemble and join materials they are using. Early Learning Goal Children sing songs, make music and dance, and	*Collage with different fabrics, papers, foods and materials *Painting (finger, bubble, hand, splatter) with different sized brushes, different types of paints on different sized, shaped and textured paper. *Printing with string, shapes, food, leaves, lino, *Drawing with pencils, pens, crayons, chalks, charcoal on different sized, shaped and textured paper. *Modelling with junk, clay, dough, construction, wood *Look at paintings and other forms of art and discuss content and style *Recreate and make up new characters and stories through imaginative and small world play *Make music through singing, body sounds, classroom objects and musical instruments *Listen to a wide range of music from around the world and from different times *Respond to music through painting, drawing and writing *Dance to a range of music from around the world and from different times	*splatter print fireworks pictures *Print patterns on wrapping paper *Observational drawings and models of zoo animals *Make paper plates animal masks *make plates of play dough food for special occasions *Colour chalk fireworks on black paper *Make puppets of Diwali characters *Make Diwa lamps and decorate * Make zoo animal puppets * make own version of a lift the flap Dear Zoo Book *make poppies for remembrance Sunday *Role play party games in home corner - giving out presents, sharing special food *set up a post box or office for letters, cards and invitations *Small world play with puppets for Diwali, Dear Zoo *small world mats for Christmas Dear Santa *sing songs relating to festivals eg. Happy birthday, Christmas songs and carols, *Explore pattern making with body sounds and musical instruments *Make firework pictures - splats of paint/ crayons or chalk on black paper * Make poppies for remembrance Sunday * Make birthday cards, gifts, gift wrap, and party hats. *Make a birthday cake / gingerbread man * Make snowmen, snowflakes, ice lollies, slush. * Chn to design and make toys, gift wrap, gift tags, Christmas cards, Christmas decorations. *Make starry, glitter pictures for night skies	<u>Themed days/weeks</u> Bonfire Night Paint splatter firework prints Remembrance Day - poppy day Make poppies Why do we wear poppies? Poppies cbeebies animation Diwali Make diva lamps Make salt dough Diwali food Santa's and elves workshop. Children become elves/Santa's little helpers for the week Christmas post office Children write letters to Santa, write Christmas cards to friends and wrap parcels. Visit Jarrow Library Special story time and crafts session. Children return previously borrowed books.

experiment with ways of changing them. They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Being Imaginative • Developing preferences for forms of expression. • Uses movement to express feelings. • Creates movement in response to music. • Sings to self and makes up simple songs. • Makes up rhythms. • Notices what adults do, imitating what is observed and then doing it spontaneously when the adult is not there. • Engages in imaginative role-play based on own first-hand experiences. • Builds stories around toys, e.g. farm animals needing rescue from an armchair 'cliff'. • Uses available resources to create props to support role-play. • Captures experiences and responses with a range of media, such as music, dance and paint and other materials or words. Create simple representations of events, people and objects. • Initiates new combinations of movement and gesture in order to express and respond to feelings, ideas and experiences. • Chooses particular colours to use for a purpose. • Introduces a storyline or narrative into their play. • Plays alongside other children who are engaged in the same theme. • Plays cooperatively as part of a group to develop and act out a narrative. Early Learning Goal Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories.			
---	--	--	--